

**These Playing Conditions must be read in conjunction with the ESCA Administration 2017 Regulations.**

**1. Title**

The Competition will be known as the **Masterton Trophy**. The current MCC Laws of Cricket (**Laws of Cricket 2000 Code 6th Edition 2015**) shall apply except as modified below.

**2. Participation**

The competition is open to qualifying ESCA clubs located south of the River Forth and any other club which may be invited by the Committee of the Association to participate therein. The competition entrance fee shall be determined by the Committee and shall be remitted to the Association **together with the annual subscription before the start of the season**. The 12 participating teams will be split to form two leagues of 6 teams in each. The teams will play each other once only on a round-robin basis. The fixtures will be determined by the Committee in consultation with the clubs but centred on Tuesday & Thursday evenings. Matches cancelled will not be replayed. The final will be played at a venue determined by the Committee in consultation with the sponsor.

**3. Player Registration**

Only players eligible to play for a team's 1st XI can participate i.e. if a team has a second overseas player who is not allowed to play for the first team, this player will not be eligible to play in the Masterton Trophy.

No player can play for more than one club in this competition in any season.

**4. Start Times**

Matches will commence by 6 pm up to and including 15th May and commence by 6:15 pm thereafter, unless by agreement of the Committee.

**5. Duration of Matches**

Matches will consist of one innings per side. Each innings will consist of 20 overs. The minimum over rate to be achieved will be 15 overs per hour. Should this rate fall to 13.333 overs per hour or lower, then, subject to Umpires' Discretion, a penalty of 6 runs will be enforced against the fielding side. In a reduced overs match the Penalty will be:-

$$\frac{\text{the number of overs bowled (complete and incomplete)} \times 6}{20}$$

rounded down to the nearest whole number, again subject to Umpires' Discretion.

Before the toss the Captains, in conjunction with the umpire(s), may agree to reduce the number of overs played subject to a minimum of 10 overs per innings. The revision of the number of overs should ensure, whenever possible, that both teams have the opportunity of batting for the same number of overs. The team batting second shall not bat for a greater number of overs than the first team unless the latter completed its innings in less than its allocated overs. To constitute a match, a minimum of 5 overs have to be bowled to the side batting second, subject to a result not being achieved earlier.

On the fall of a wicket the incoming batsman should cross on the field with the dismissed batsman.

## 6. Results

In a completed match, the side with the higher total of runs in the match will be the winner. Should any match be abandoned after 5 overs of the second innings have been completed the result shall be decided on the Duckworth Lewis Stern (DLS) Method. If the result under DLS Method is a tie the points shall be shared.

The system to be used is available on smart phones and found at:- <https://www.easycalculation.com/sports/duckworth-lewis-calculator.php> and verified by the Umpire(s) .

During the league stages of the competition the winning team will be awarded 2 points and the losing team 0 points. If there is a tie, or abandoned match without a result, then each team will be awarded 1 point.

The side gaining the most points in each of the two leagues will play the 2nd placed team in the other league in the semi-finals. The team winning each league will be the home club in the semi-final. Should two teams be equal on points then the league placings will be decided by the result of the match between the two sides. Should the match have been void, or there being more than two teams with the same number of points, then the placings will be decided by the higher average runs scored by each team in league matches played. Should these still be equal then placings will be decided by the higher average runs scored per wickets lost for each team. The winners of the two semi-finals will complete in the final, at a location determined by the Committee, for a chance to play in the Murgitroyd Finals.

In the semi-finals or final, if the teams have scored the same number of runs in a completed match then the team having lost fewer wickets will be the winner. Should both sides have lost the same number of wickets then the winner shall be the side with the higher number of runs at the end of the 19th over and so on back to the end of the first over. Should the result in the semi-finals or final determined under the DLS Method be a tie, then the winner shall be the side with the higher score on the DLS Method at the end of previous completed over and so on back to the end of the first over until a result is produced.

It is the home team's responsibility to advise the result of each match as soon as possible but, in any event, no later than 10 pm on the day following the match. This should be done by email to [mastertontrophy@gmail.com](mailto:mastertontrophy@gmail.com). The results section of the new ESCA website also includes the facility to upload the full scorecard for the match.

## 7. Bowling Restrictions

No bowler can bowl more than 4 overs or 20% of available overs in a reduced overs match. Should calculations regarding number of overs result in a fraction of an over, the fraction shall be ignored. Any over abandoned for any cause must be completed by another bowler from the same end. This broken over will count as one over for the batting side but a complete over for each of the bowlers concerned.

## 8. Equipment

The home club will be responsible for the provision of regulation stumps and bails and for the correct marking of the pitch (see Rule 10) and boundary. Each team shall provide its own equipment, including a new ball. Pink balls as approved by the Committee, must be used and spare (used) pink balls should be available where possible for use should the original ball be lost during the innings.

## 9. No Ball

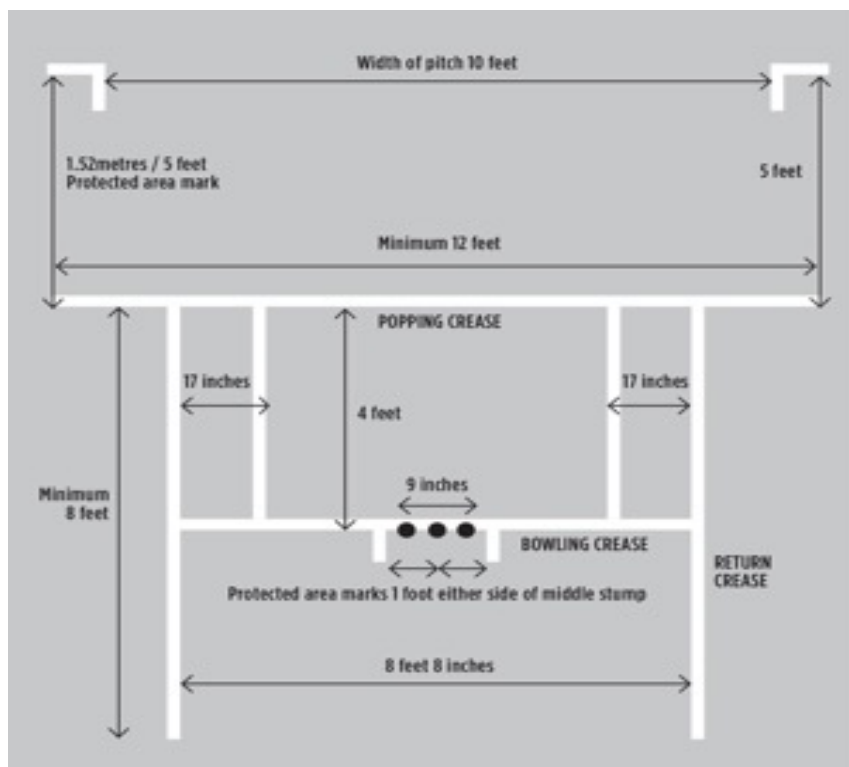
A bowler may bowl one short-pitched ball in each over, such a delivery being defined as having passed or would have passed above the shoulder of the striker standing upright at the crease. The umpire at the bowler's end shall advise the bowler and the batsman on strike when such a delivery has been bowled. If another short-pitched ball is bowled in the same over, the umpire at the bowler's end shall call and signal no ball, and when the ball is dead, caution the bowler and inform his colleague, the captain of the fielding side and the batsmen. A second occurrence of this will result in a final warning and a third offence will result in the captain being instructed to take the bowler off forthwith and he will not be allowed to bowl again in the innings.

For the sake of clarity, the laws of cricket will apply to any ball that passes over the head of the striker standing upright at the crease. Such a delivery will be called a "no ball" and will count as a short-pitched ball in the over.

In the event of a bowler bowling a high full-pitched delivery (above the shoulder for a slow delivery and above the waist for all others), the bowler's end umpire shall call and signal no ball and when the ball is dead, caution the bowler and issue a first and final warning. He will inform his colleague, the captain of the fielding side and the batsmen of what has occurred. A second instance of such a delivery by the same bowler in the innings will result in the captain being instructed to take the bowler off forthwith and he will not be allowed to bowl again in the innings.

## 10. Wide Ball

A line, known as the "wide line" shall be marked 17 inches in from each return crease, between the popping and bowling creases, as shown in the diagram below.



Any delivery that passes outside, or crosses, the offside wide line as it crosses the bowling crease, then the bowler's end umpire will call and signal a wide. It does not matter if the batsman has moved across to cover the ball. Provided he does not hit the ball, such a delivery must be called a wide.

If the ball passes outside the leg stump and behind the striker and the striker makes no contact with it, then the bowler's end umpire will call and signal wide.

It is not a leg side wide, as defined above, when the batsman plays, or attempts to play or aborts playing, a reverse sweep or switch hit. In these circumstances, the wide lines shall apply to both the offside and the leg side.

#### **11. Fielding Restrictions**

At the instant of delivery no more than 5 fielders are permitted on the leg side. If this restriction is breached, the striker's end umpire shall call and signal no ball. In the event of the striker's end umpire failing to call and signal "no ball" when the fielding restrictions in this playing condition have been breached or when Law 41.5 has been breached (at the point of delivery, not more than two fielders other than the wicketkeeper shall be behind the popping crease on the on side), immediately the ball becomes dead the striker may draw the matter to that Umpire's attention. If the striker's end Umpire is able to verify the breach he shall call and signal "No Ball". If the striker's end Umpire is unable to verify the breach then he shall confirm that the events of the delivery shall be unchanged.

#### **12. Fielding Circle**

For all matches two semi-circles shall be drawn on the field of play. The semi-circles shall have as their centre the middle stump at the end of the pitch. The radius of each of the semi-circles shall be 30 yards (27.45 metres). The semi-circles shall be linked by two straight lines parallel to the pitch. The fielding "circle" shall be marked by white dots 5 yards (4.5 metres) apart, covered by circular white plastic or rubber (but not metal) discs 7 inches (18 cms) in diameter.

At the instant of delivery no more than 2 fielders may be outside the area described above during the first 6 overs (power play) of a 20 overs match. Thereafter, no more than 5 fielders may be outside the area described. If this restriction is breached, the striker's end umpire shall call and signal no ball.

In a reduced overs match the power play will be 30% of the overs to be bowled. Should calculations regarding number of overs result in a fraction of an over, the fraction shall be ignored.

#### **13. Free Hit**

The delivery following a no ball shall be a free hit for whichever batsman is facing it. If the delivery for the free hit is not a legitimate delivery (any kind of no ball or wide ball), then the next delivery will become a free hit for whichever batsman is facing it. The bowler's end umpire will signal a free hit.

For any free hit, the striker can be dismissed only under the circumstances that apply to a no ball, even if the delivery for the free hit is called a wide.

Field changes are not permitted for the free hit deliveries unless there is a change of striker (the provisions of Rule 11 will still apply) or the no ball was due to a fielding breach.

14. **Adverse Conditions**

Where a match is in progress, clubs are strongly encouraged to continue play in less than ideal conditions. However, no play may take place in conditions which, in the opinion of the umpires, present an obvious and foreseeable risk to the safety of any player or considered unreasonable.

15. **Drinks**

No drinks intervals shall be permitted.

An individual player may be given a drink either on the boundary edge or at the fall of a wicket, on the field, provided that no playing time is wasted. No other drinks shall be taken onto the field without the permission of the umpires. Any player taking drinks onto the field shall be dressed in proper cricket attire.

16. **Umpires**

The umpires' fees (currently £15.00 each or £22.50 if only one official umpire standing alone) are to be shared between the two teams and should be paid no later than the interval between innings.

17. **Coloured Clothing**

Teams are encouraged to wear coloured clothing but this is not compulsory.

18. **Control**

The control and management of the competition shall be vested solely in the East of Scotland Cricket Association, or their recognised sub-committee, whose decision in all matters relating to the competition, including these Rules and regulations, shall be final.

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